

Downloadable Reproducible eBooks Sample Pages

These sample pages from this eBook are provided for evaluation purposes. The entire eBook is available for purchase at

www.socialstudies.com or www.writingco.com.

To browse more eBook titles, visit http://www.socialstudies.com/ebooks.html

To learn more about eBooks, visit our help page at http://www.socialstudies.com/ebookshelp.html

For questions, please e-mail <u>eBooks@socialstudies.com</u>

To learn about new eBook and print titles, professional development resources, and catalogs in the mail, sign up for our monthly e-mail newsletter at

http://socialstudies.com/newsletter/

·_____

<u>Copyright notice</u>: Copying of the book or its parts for resale is prohibited. Additional restrictions may be set by the publisher.

Mr. Donn and Maxie's PowerPoint® Series

Ancient Rome

Written by Lin & Don Donn Illustrated by Phillip Martin

Bill Williams, Editor Dr. Aaron Willis, Project Coordinator Christina Trejo, Editorial Assistant Justin Coffey, Editorial Assistant

Social Studies School Service 10200 Jefferson Blvd., P.O. Box 802 Culver City, CA 90232 http://socialstudies.com access@socialstudies.com (800) 421-4246

© 2007 Social Studies School Service

10200 Jefferson Blvd., P.O. Box 802 Culver City, CA 90232 United States of America

(310) 839-2436 (800) 421-4246

Fax: (800) 944-5432 Fax: (310) 839-2249

http://socialstudies.com access@socialstudies.com

Permission is granted to reproduce individual worksheets for classroom use only. Printed in the United States of America.

ISBN: 1-56004-286-9

Product Code: ZP581

Special Notice -- Copyright of Images

Users are prohibited from using the images and text outside a single school, and are prohibited from publishing the images and text in a school intranet or on the internet.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Lecture Notes	. S1
Student Handouts	. H2



Teacher Notes:

Welcome to Ancient Rome! Throughout this presentation, in this Teacher Notes space, you will find questions, answers, and additional information.

This presentation was designed for grades 5–6, but can be used in grades 3–9. It works well for both individual student and classroom use and can be effectively used as a unit opener, as unit support, and as review. We hope you and your students enjoy this fun look at Ancient Rome. Have a great year!

Lin & Don Donn, writers mrdonn.org

Phillip Martin, illustrator phillipmartin.info/clipart





Rome began as a small village on the Italian peninsula in Europe. Rome grew into an empire. The little white dot on this map is the city of Rome.

3

Teacher Notes:

The Roman Empire at its height is colored in orange above. Over time, the Roman Empire grew to include nearly all the people who lived in the Mediterranean area. Ancient Greece and ancient Egypt were both conquered by the Romans and became part of the Roman Empire.



The orange-colored land shows all the territory that Rome controlled. This territory was broken up into smaller pieces called "provinces."

4

Teacher Notes:

When people referred to "Rome," they meant the city of Rome and the farmlands around the city. The rest of the empire was referred to as "the provinces." The city of Rome and the provinces combined made up the Roman Empire. As you can see, the Roman Empire was huge!

Ancient Rome



In ancient times, you could apply to become a Roman citizen.

Would you have wanted to be a citizen? You might have! Like Greece, Rome was a lively place.

But the Romans were very different than the Greeks.

5

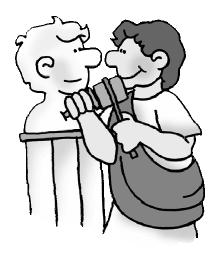
Teacher Notes:

Not everyone who applied to become a Roman citizen was accepted, but anyone could apply.

Ancient Rome

The Romans were realists, not idealists.

If a Roman leader had a big nose, that's how Roman artists made him look. The Greeks would have given him a perfect nose.

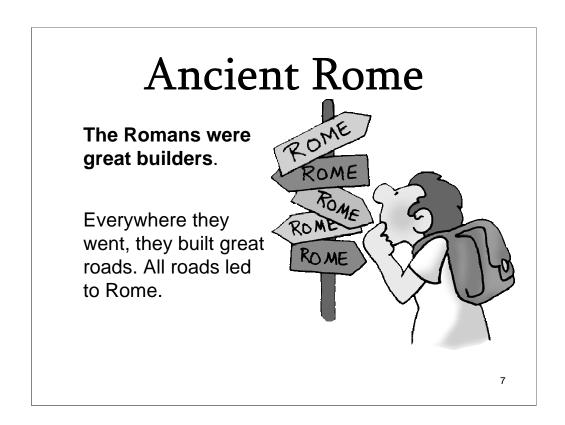


6

Teacher Notes:

- Ask: What is the definition of a realist? (Get some answers.)
- Ask: What is the definition of an idealist? (Get some answers.)
- Assign two students one of these words each, and have them look up the definition in a dictionary. Compare the dictionary definition to the class's definition. Correct as needed.

<u>Transition:</u> The Greeks and Romans were different in other ways as well.



Teacher Notes:

The ancient Greeks had roads, but they were not built nearly as well, and Greek roads did not connect in any particular order. Connect to what? Each Greek city-state was its own unit. In ancient Rome, the Romans built roads all over the empire. And all roads connected to Rome. Rome was the heart of the empire!