

FAMOUS PRESIDENTS GAME PART II: ARTHUR TO REAGAN Written by:

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FAMOUS PRESIDENTS GAME

OVERVIEW: FAMOUS PRESIDENTS GAME was designed to teach and reinforce both factual and analytical skills. Students not only identify Presidents from clues but use the information to rate the Presidents on a scale ranging from great to failure. (For more information on the rating scale used see the article entitled THE PRESIDENTIAL PERFORMANCE STUDY: A PROGRESS REPORT, Journal of American History Vol. 70 NO. 3, December 1983), by R. Murray and T. Blessing.)

OBJECTIVES: By participating in this activity students will:

- 1. Learn historical facts about United States Presidents.
- 2. App]y their knowledge in a game format.
- 3. Develop skills in group decision making.
- 4. Use factual information to analyze and draw interpretative decisions.
- 5. Learn historical facts and skills while having fun.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Read the GAME SUMMARY and HOW TO PLAY. As you read inspect each game item as it is mentioned.
- 2. Play out a practice TURN to familiarize yourself with the game and procedures.
- 3. Duplicate the following pages in the quantities indicated.
 - A. STUDENT PAGES 1 through 5, PRESIDENTIAL FACT SHEETS (One set for each player.) They may be assigned as reading homework before playing the game. Not to be used during game!
 - B. 15-20 ANSWER CARD SHEETS, cut along lines.
 - C. 10-40 STUDENT UTILITY SHEETS.

GAME SUMMARY:

The class is divided into teams. They are given a supply of ANSWER CARDS and STUDENT UTILITY SHEET(s). The teacher reads CLUES from the TEACHER SHEET and teams attempt to answer them to gain points. Teams have to risk POINT CARDS equal to the CLUES point value. Each TURN is made up of 5 ROUNDS and there are 20 turns (100 ROUNDS). At the end of TURN 20 teams total their POINT CARDS and the team with the most POINTS is the winner.

Teams answer the CLUES based upon their study of the PRESIDENTIAL FACT SHEETS, history course content and general knowledge.

HOW TO PLAY - RULES

- 1. Divide the class into teams of 3 to 6 each. Teams sit together. Each team should either give itself a name or the teacher can assign letters (Team A, Team B, etc.) Students may not use notes or Fact Sheets during play.
- Give each team the following: (An envelope should be provided each team for storage of game materials). Cut all cards along lines.
 - --One set of POINT CARDS consisting of two "15" , four "10", and ten "5" POINT CARDS.
 - --Fifty to one hundred ANSWER CARDS.
 - -- Two or more STUDENT UTILITY SHEETS.
- Teams should be shown how to use the ANSWER CARDS. Teams may only turn in one ANSWER CARD per ROUND. On ROUNDS 1,2,3, teams may only write in the name of one President. In ROUND 4, teams may only write one of the following ratings...GREAT, AVERAGE, FAILURE. In ROUND 5, teams may write in any one of the following, GREAT, NEAR GREAT/ABOVE AVERAGE, AVERAGE/BELOW AVERAGE, FAILURE.
- 4. Teams must play in ONE of the first 3 ROUNDS. All Teams must play in ROUND 4. Play in ROUND 5 is optional.
- 5. Teams may win points only once in the first 3 ROUNDS. (example: a team that won in ROUND 1 can not play in ROUNDS 2 or 3. They can still win (or lose) in both ROUNDS 4 and FIVE.

HOW TO PLAY- PROCEDURES

The game is played in TURNS. Each TURN consists of 5 ROUNDS. There are 20 TURNS (100 ROUNDS). Follow the procedure outlined below for each TURN. Teams must play in at least one of the first 3 ROUNDS.

ROUND I. The teacher reads one "I" CLUE from TEACHERS CLUE SHEET.

- A. The "I" CLUES are worth 15 points. If a team decides to answer a "I" CLUE they must risk POINT CARDS worth 15. (One 15 POINT CARD, three 5 POINT CARDS, ETC.) POINT CARDS are interchangeable, like money.
- B. Teams write their answer and fill in the other lines on the ANSWER CARD.
- C. Teams give the teacher their ANSWER CARD and 15 points worth of POINT CARDS.
- D. The teacher checks the answers of each turned in ANSWER CARD, consults the proper TEACHER SHEET, and rewards the correct answer with 15 additional points or takes the incorrect teams turned in 15 points worth of POINT CARDS.
- E. The teams with the correct President pick up the 15 points they turned in plus the 15 points they won for answering correctly. Teams with an incorrect President

- lose the 15 points they turned in.
- F. The teacher does not read the correct answer. Discard the used ANSWER CARDS and go on to ROUND II
- ROUND II: Follow the same procedure as in Round I, noting the differences below.
 - A. The teacher reads one "II" CLUE.
 - B. Teams may risk 10 points only.
 - C. Correct answers receive 10 additional points from the teacher.
 - D. Teams that correctly answered the CLUE in ROUND I may not play in this OR ROUND III.
- ROUND III: Follow the same procedures as in ROUND I, noting the differences below.
 - A. The teacher reads one "III" CLUE.
 - B. Teams may risk 5 points only.
 - C. Correct answers receive 5 additional points from the teacher.
 - D. Teams that correctly answered either "I" or "II" CLUES may not play in this ROUND.
 - E. Teams that did not play in ROUNDS I or II must play in this ROUND.

At the end of ROUND III the teacher tells the class the correct president. Play proceeds to ROUND IV and V.

- ROUND IV: Teams are going to rate the TURNS president. Their rating(s) will be compared to those of college and university professors. To win points their rating must be the same as the professors.
 - A. The teacher tells the teams to rate the president by writing in one of the following, GREAT, AVERAGE, OR FAILURE on their ANSWER CARD.
 - B. Teams turn in their completed ANSWER CARD(s) along with their choice, of either 5,10 or 15 points worth of POINT CARDS.
 - C. All teams must play ROUND IV. Their only option is the amount of points they risk.
 - D. The teacher reads the correct rating and either gives the winning teams double the amount they risked or takes the losing teams POINT CARDS.
- ROUND V: This ROUND is optional. Teams do not have to play.
 - A. Teams that have chosen to play must risk 15 points only.
 - B. The teacher tells the teams to narrow in on the correct rating by writing one of the following:
 - ---if the answer for ROUND IV was GREAT, teams must write either GREAT or NEAR GREAT.
 - ---if the answer in ROUND IV was AVERAGE, teams must write either ABOVE AVERAGE or AVERAGE.

- --- the answer in ROUND IV was FAILURE teams must write either BELOW AVERAGE or FAILURE.
- C. Teams turn in their ANSWER CARDS and 15 points.
- D. The teacher reads the correct rating for ROUND V and either gives the correct teams 15 points or takes the same from the incorrect teams
- E. At the conclusion of ROUND V the TURN is over. Play proceeds to the next TURN. At the end of TURN 20, teams total their POINT CARDS and the team with the most points (not cards) is the winner.

OPTIONAL RULE: DOUBLE CARDS

Included on the ANSWER CARD SHEET is a DOUBLE CARD. DOUBLE CARDS are not used in the regular game described above. They may be included as an option.

Give each team at the beginning of the game two DOUBLE CARDS. Each DOUBLE CARD may be used only once. Teams can play the cards by turning them in along with their regular ANSWER CARD and POINT CARDS. Teams that have correctly answered the CLUE and had turned in one DOUBLE CARD receive double POINT CARDS. For example, a team risked 15 points and turned in a DOUBLE CARD. If they answered correctly they would get back a total of 45 points. 15 they turned in, 15 for answering correctly, and 15 for using a DOUBLE CARD.

Teams DO NOT lose any additional points for using a DOUBLE CARD. In any event, once the card is used it is taken by the teacher. Teams may never use more than two DOUBLE CARDS per game.

Additional questions may be made up at the teacher's discretion. Sources for questions may include textbooks, videos, lectures and supplemental reading material.

Teams may be advised to divide up the Presidents giving each student two or more Presidents to be responsible for. This will cut down on the amount of information each student must learn and will promote team work and group responsibility.

TEACHER CLUE SHEET

(more than one CLUE is given for each round so the game may be

played more than once....read only one CLUE per ROUND)

TURN ONE: answer...JAMES E. CARTER

ROUND I: CLUES

- his election campaign was the first to be financed by federal funds
- 2. he had very little experience in national politics ROUND II: CLUES
- he set up a Department of Energy
- 2. he oversaw the signing of an Israeli-Egyptian peace treaty

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. first President in the 20th. century to be elected from the "deep south"
- Iranian hostage crisis took place

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

TURN TWO: answer...FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. his wife was one of the most active first ladies
- 2. first President to appear on television

ROUND II: CLUES

- he appointed the first women to a Cabinet post
- became President during the worst depression in U.S. history

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. only man elected more than twice
- he was President during WW II

ROUND IV: answer...GREAT; ROUND V: answer...GREAT

TURN THREE: answer...WILLIAM McKINLEY

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. first President to campaign by telephone
- 2. tried to establish a cordial sentiment between the North and South

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. he was shot by Czolgosz, an anarchist
- Puerto Rico became part of the U.S.

ROUND III: CLUES

- the United States acquired an overseas empire, mostly from Spain
- President during the Spanish-American War

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

TURN FOUR: answer...WARREN G. HARDING

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. "teapot dome scandal"
- immigration to the U.S. was restricted for the first time

ROUND II: CLUES

1. first radio broadcast of election returns

- 2. he was chosen to run in a "smoke filled room" ROUND III: CLUES
- 1. women could vote in all the United States for the first time
- 2. his campaign slogan was a "return to normalcy" ROUND IV: answer...FAILURE; ROUND V: answer...FAILURE

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TURN FIVE: answer...LYNDON B. JOHNSON

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. first President to be sworn in by a women
- 2. there were riots in the Canal Zone (Panama)

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. first U.S./U.S.S.R. wheat deal
- 2. U.S. Marines landed in Vietnam and the Dominican Republic

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. many civil rights and "war on poverty" laws passed
- 2. became President after the murder of J.F. Kennedy

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...ABOVE AVERAGE

TURN SIX: answer...CHESTER ARTHUR

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. he was a member of the Roscoe Conkling political machine
- 2. Mark Twain said of him "it would be hard to better his administration"

ROUND II: CLUES

- leaders of his party frowned on his social life and refused to renominate him
- 2. a canal treaty with Nicaragua signed

ROUND III: CLUES

- became President after Garfield was murdered
- 2. signed the act creating the Civil Service Commission

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

TURN SEVEN: answer...HARRY S. TRUMAN

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. Philippines were given their freedom
- seized U.S. steel mills to prevent strikes

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. fired general MacArthur over the conduct of the Korean War
- 2. United nations Charter was ratified

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. became President after the death of Franklin D. Roosevelt
- 2. authorized the use of the atomic bomb on Japan ending WW II ROUND IV: answer...GREAT; ROUND V: answer...NEAR GREAT

TURN EIGHT: answer...WILLIAM H. TAFT

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. he had been the first Governor of the Philippines
- 2. the 16th. Amendment (income tax) was ratified

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. he ran against the President that had made him President
- 2. Arizona and New Mexico became states

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. he weighed over 300 pounds
- 2. he later became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

TURN NINE: answer...WOODROW WILSON

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. only President to have had two wives while in the White House
- 2. first Presidential news conference

ROUND II: CLUES

- Lusitania was sunk by a "u-boat"
- prohibition law was passed

ROUND III: CLUES

- President during WW I
- 2. he proposed the 14 Points for ending WW I

ROUND IV: answer...GREAT; ROUND V: answer...NEAR GREAT

TURN TEN: answer...BENJAMIN HARRISON

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. six states were admitted to the Union
- 2. he received less popular votes then his opponent

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. first billion dollar Congress
- 2. Mckinley Tariff passed

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. he was a President's grandson
- Sherman Anti-Trust Law enacted

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

TURN ELEVEN: answer...DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. while in office he suffered a coronary thrombosis, an intestinal operation, and a mild stroke
- 2. he had the St. Lawrence Seaway built

ROUND II: CLUES

- he sent troops to Little Rock to insure school desegregation
- Senator McCarthy conducted his "witch hunting" movement

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. he was the supreme allied commander in Europe during WW II
- he ended the Korean War

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V; answer...ABOVE AVERAGE

TURN TWELVE answer...GROVER CLEVELAND

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. only President married in the White House
- the Statue of Liberty dedicated

ROUND II: CLUES

- he disapproved more pension bills than any other President
- he forced land grant railroads to either open up land for settlement or return it to the Federal government

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. first Democrat to be President after the Civil War
- 2. the Republican Mugwumps voted for him

ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...ABOVE AVERAGE

TURN THIRTEEN answer...GERALD R. FORD

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. inflation and energy crisis were serious problems
- 2. Cambodia and South Vietnam fell to communism

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. first man to become President by resignation
- 2. war in South Vietnam ended

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. he pardoned Richard Nixon
- first time both President and Vice-President were not elected

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

ROOM IV. answer...Avaliably Room V. answer...Avaliable

TURN FOURTEEN answer...CLEVELAND

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. Department of Agriculture established
- 2. improved the Civil Service

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. reformed the federal government
- 2. he had a secret cancer operation that gave him a rubber upper jaw

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. only President to serve two non-consecutive terms
- during his second term there was a depression, railroad strike, and hundreds of banks failed

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...ABOVE AVERAGE

TURN FIFTEEN answer...CALVIN COOLIDGE

ROUND I: CLUES

- first President sworn in by his father
- his philosophy of government was economy and laissez-faire

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. he did not choose to run for a second term
- 2. he twice vetoed the McNary-Haugen Bill designed to

help farmers

ROUND III: CLUES

- he became President after the death of Harding
- he was President during the "roaring twenties"

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...BELOW AVERAGE

TURN SIXTEEN answer...JOHN F. KENNEDY

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. the "Bay of Pigs" disaster took place
- 2. he won a Pulitzer prize for a book he wrote

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. first man in space
- he was the youngest President

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. he was assassinated in Dallas by Lee Harvey Oswald
- 2. first Catholic President

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...ABOVE AVERAGE

TURN SEVENTEEN answer...RONALD REAGAN

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. he cut income taxes by 25%
- 2. first labor union leader to become President

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. appointed first women to the Supreme Court
- 2. fired aircraft controllers when they went on strike ROUND III: CLUES
- 1. oldest man to be elected President
- led the greatest peacetime arms buildups
- ***ROUNDS IV AND V ANSWERS TO BE DECIDED BY TEACHER OR A CLASS VOTE***

TURN EIGHTEEN 'answer...THEODORE ROOSEVELT

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. Pure Food and Drug law passed
- 2. called the "trust buster"

ROUND II: CLUES

- he won a Nobel Peace prize
- the Panama Canal Zone was acquired

ROUND III: CLUES

- his motto was "speak softly and carry a big stick"
- 2. he formed the "Bull Moose" party after he left the White House

ROUND IV: answer...GREAT; ROUND V: answer...NEAR GREAT

ROOM IV. didwet... GREAT, ROOM V. didwet... HEAR GREAT

TURN NINETEEN answer...RICHARD M. NIXON

ROUND I: CLUES

- he was born of poor hard working parents
- 2. the voting age was lowered from 21 to 18

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. first President to visit China
- ended the military draft

ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. first President to resign
- 2. was the center of the Watergate scandal

ROUND IV: answer...FAILURE; ROUND V: answer...FAILURE

TURN TWENTY answer...HERBERT HOOVER

ROUND I: CLUES

- 1. first President born west of the Mississippi River
- 2. multimillionaire mining engineer

ROUND II: CLUES

- 1. saved millions from starvation after WW I
- 2. set up the Wickersham Commission to investigate

Prohibition ROUND III: CLUES

- 1. was President during the worst depression in U.S. history
- he was defeated by FDR in 1932

ROUND IV: answer...AVERAGE; ROUND V: answer...AVERAGE

(Study the facts listed under each President. They are events that occurred during the term(s) each President served in office.)



21st. CHESTER ARTHUR: born October 5, 1830 in Virginia. His occupation was the law. He was President from 1881 to 1885 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. he became President after Garfield was assassinated in 1881.
- 2. his nickname was "dude President"
- 3. a canal treaty with Nicaragua was signed
- 4. standard time was adopted
- 5. signed the act creating the Civil Service Commission
- 6.he was a widower
- 7. he was a member of the Roscoe Conkling political machine
- 8. leaders of his party frowned on his social life and refused to renominate him
- 9. Mark Twain said.-"It would be hard to better President Arthurs administration"



22nd. *** and 24th. *** GROVER CLEVELAND: born March 18, 1837 in New Jersey. His occupation was the law. He was President from 1885 to 1889 and 1893-1897 and belonged to the Democratic Party.

- 1. the only President to serve two nonconsecutive terms
- 2. the only President married in the White House
- 3. the first Democratic President after the Civil War
- 4. the Statue of Liberty dedicated
- 5. the Department of Agriculture established
- 6. he reformed the Federal Government and improved the Civil Service
- 7. during his second term there was a depression, a massive railroad strike, and hundreds of banks failed
- 8. he had a secret cancer operation that left him with a vulcanized rubber left upper jaw
- 9. the Republican Mugwumps voted for him



23rd. BENJAMIN HARRISON: born August 20, 1833 in Ohio. His occupation was the law. He was President from 1889 to 1893 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. he was a Presidents grandson
- 2. six states were admitted to the Union
- 3. first billion dollar Congress
- 4. the Sherman Anti-Trust Act became law
- 5. Congress took over in running the

government

- 6. the McKinley Tariff was passed
- 7. he received less popular votes then his opponent, won by electoral votes
- 8. electricity was installed in the White House

24th. SEE CLEVELAND



25th. WILLIAM MCKINLEY: born January 29, 1843 in Ohio. His occupation was the law. He was President from 1897 1901 and belonged Republican Party.

- 1. the first President to campaign by telephone
- 2. the Battleship Maine blew up
- in Havana (Cuba) Harbor 3. he was President during the Spanish-American War
- 4. he was shot by Czolgosz, an anarchist
- 5. the first automobile show in the United States
- he tried to establish a "cordial sentiment" between North and South
- 7. his wife was an invalid
- 8. the United States acquired an empire
- 9. Puerto Rico became part of the United States



26th. THEODORE ROOSEVELT: born October 27, 1858 in New York. His occupations were public official and the law. He was President 1901 to 1909 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. he was called the "trust buster"
- 2. the Panama Canal Zone was acquired
- 3. he helped settle the Russo-Japanese War
- 4. he won the Nobel Peace Prize
- 5. the San Francisco earthquake occurred
- 6. the Pure Food and Drug Act passed
- 7. his program was called the "Square Deal"
- 8. his motto was "speak softly and carry a big stick"
- 9. he was a big game hunter 10. he became President after McKinley was assassinated
- 11. he did not run for a third term but later tried again for the Presidency with his independent "Bull Moose" party



27th. WILLIAM H.TAFT: born September 15, 1857 in Ohio. His occupation was the law. He President from 1909 to 1913 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- Perry reached the North pole
- 2. the first transcontinental flight took place
- the 16th. Amendment (income tax) was ratified

- 4. he later became Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
- 5. he was the first President to open a baseball season
- 6. Arizona and New Mexico became states
- 7. he had been the first United States Governor of the Phillipines
- 8. he weighed 332 pounds he ended up running against the President that had made him President



28th. WOODROW WILSON: born December 20, 1856 in Virginia. His occupations were lawyer and educator. He was President from 1913 to1921 and belonged to the Democratic Party.

- 1. the Lusitania was sunk by a German uboat (submarine)
- 2. he wrote the 14 Points for ending WW I
- 3. he held the first Presidential news conference
- 4. he had two wives in the White House
- 5. he was President during WW I , the "War to end all wars"
- 6. the Underwood-Simmons Tariff Act was passed
- 7. the Child Labor Act was passed
- 8. the Federal Trade Commission and Clayton Anti-Trust actswere passed
- 9. he wanted to form a League of Nations after WW I
- 10. his program was called "New Freedom"



29th. WARREN G. HARDING: born November 2, 1865 in Ohio. His occupation was an editor. He was President from 1921 to 1923 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier was dedicated
- 2. the first women was appointed as a Senator
- 3. first President to ride in an Automobile at his inauguration
- 4. first radio broadcast of election returns
- 5. Teapot Dome scandal
- 6. he was chosen in a "smoke filled room"
- 7. his motto was a "return to normalcy"
- 8. immigration was restricted for the first time
- 9. Veterans Bureau scandal
- 10. his old friends in the "Ohio gang" "keep me walking the floor nights"
- 11. He died suddenly of pneumonia

30th. CALVIN COOLIDGE: born July 4, 1872 in Vermont. His occupation was the law. He was President from 1923 to 1929 and he belonged to the Republican Party.



- 1. Lindberg's transcontinental flight took place
- 2. first President to be sworn in by his father
- 3. he was born on July 4th.
- 4. the Kellogg Briand Pact was approved
- 5. he was President during the "roaring 20's"
- 6. women were given the right to vote in the 19th. Amendment
- 7. the first talking movies
- 8. he did not choose to run for a second term



31st. HERBERT HOOVER: born August 10, 1874 in Iowa. His occupation was an engineer. He was President from 1929 to 1933 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. first President born west of the Mississippi
- he was a multimillionaire engineer
- 3. after WW I he coordinated the feeding and clothing of millions of Europeans
- 4. he believed that... "We in America today are nearer to the final triumph over poverty..."
- 5. he was President during the worst depression in American History
- 6. he worked to save millions from starvation

after WW II

7. he was defeated by FDR in 1932



32nd. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT: born January 30, 1882 in New York. His occupations were farmer, lawyer, and public official. He was President from 1933 to 1945 and belonged to the Democratic Party.

- 1. he had polio at the age of 39 that left his legs paralyzed, he could not walk
- 2. used the radio for "fireside chats", he said the "only thing we have to fear, is fear itself" '
- 3. his program was called the "New Deal"
- 4. he became President during the worst

depression in U.S. History

- 5. the only man to be elected more than twice
- 6. his wife, Eleanor, was one of the most active first ladies
- 7. he was President during WW II
- 8. he appointed the first women to a Cabinet post
- 9. the Social Security Act was passed
- 10. alphabet" programs to combat the depression, CCC, NRA, TVA, AAA 11. first President to appear on television

33rd. HARRY S. TRUMAN' born May 8, 1884 in Missouri. His occupations were farmer, businessman, and public official. He was President from 1945 to 1953 and belonged to the Democratic

Party.



- 1. the United Nations Charter was ratified
- 2. he authorized the use of the atomic bomb
- 3. he used American troops in Korea to stop a communist invasion
- 4. the Philippines were given their freedom
- 5. His saying.. " If you can't stand the heat stay out of the kitchen"
- 6. he made the first television broadcast from the White House where he played the piano
- 7. the Cold War began
- 8. he fired General MacArthur over the conduct

of the Korean War

- 9. he seized the nation's steel mills to prevent a strike
- 10. he became President after FDR died of a stroke

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER: born October 14 in Texas. His occupation was the army. He was President from 1953 to 1961 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. he ended the Korean War
- 2. he was Supreme Allied Commander in Europe during WW II
- 3. school desegregation began
- 4. while in office he suffered a coronary thrombosis, an intestinal operation, and a mild stroke
- 5. he had the St. Lawrence Seaway built
- 6. he sent troops to Little Rock, Arkansas to insure integration
- 7. Senator McCarthy conducted his "witch hunts"
- 8. the USSR launched "Sputnik" beginning the space race



35th. JOHN F. KENNEDY: born May 29, 1917 in Massachusetts. His occupations were author, naval officer,' and public official. President from 1961 to 1963 and belonged to the Democratic Party.

- 1. he held the first live television news conference
- 2. first man in space3. he set the goal of landing men on the moon by 1969
- 4. the Bay of Pigs Cuban invasion failure took place
- 5. the Cuban Missile Crisis took place
- 6. he won a Pulitzer Prize for his book Profiles in Courage
- 7. he was the first Catholic elected President
- 8. he said... "Ask not what your country can do for you. Ask what you can do for your country."
- 9. he was a "PT" boat captain in WW II and saved his crew when his boat was cut in two by a Japanese destroyer
- 10. he was the youngest President
- 11. he was assassinated in Dallas by Lee Harvey Oswald

36th. LYNDON B. JOHNSON: born August 27, 1908 in Texas. He was President from 1963 to 1969 and belonged to the Democratic Party.

- 1. first President to be sworn in by a women
- 2. first President to take the oath in a plane
- 3. there were riots in the Canal Zone
- 4. the selling of wheat to the USSR began
- 5. U.S. Marines were landed in Vietnam and the Dominican Republic
- 6. the U.S. became heavily involved in the Vietnam War
- 7. there was much social reform and anti-poverty programs passed
- 8. many civil rights laws were passed
- 9. he had been Majority Leader in the Senate

37th. RICHARD M. NIXON born January 9, 1913 in California. His occupations were lawyer and public official. He was President

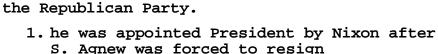
> from 1969 to 1974 and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. his parents were poor and hard working
- 2. he was the first President to visit China
- 3. the Watergate break-in took place that eventually caused him to resign
- 4. he was the first Vice-President since Van Buren to be nominated by his party 5. first President to resign
- 6. first man landed on the moon
- 7. the military draft ended
- 8. the voting age was lowered

from 21 to 18

9. first nuclear non-proliferation treaty

38th. GERALD R. FORD: born July 14, 1913 in Nebraska. His occupations were lawyer and public official. He was President from 1974 to 1977 and belonged to



- 2. he was the first President not to have been elected President or Vice-President
- 3. he pardoned Nixon for any crimes committed because of Watergate
- 4. first man to become President because of resignation
- 5. inflation and as energy crisis were serious problems
- 6. he was President during the Bicentennial
- 7. Cambodia and South Vietnam fell to communism
- 8. the war in South Vietnam was ended

39th. JAMES E. CARTER: born October 1, 1924 in Georgia. His occupations were farmer, engineer, scientist, businessman, and public official. He was President from 1977 to 1981 and





belonged to the Democratic Party.

- 1. the Iranian hostage crisis took place
- 2. he worked to get an Israeli/Egyptian peace treaty signed
- 3. first President in the 20th. century to be elected from the deep south
- 4. his election campaign was the first to be
- financed by federal funds
 5. he had very little experience in national politics
- 6. he set up a Department of Energy



40th. RONALD REAGAN: born February 6, 1911 in Illinois. His occupations were actor and public official. He was(is) President from 1981 to 1985 and 1985 to.- and belonged to the Republican Party.

- 1. he was wounded in a assassination attempt
- 2. the first labor union president to become President
- 3. first space shuttle launch
- 4. he fired aircraft controllers when they went on strike
- 5. he oversaw one of the greatest arms buildups in peace time
- 6. he cut income taxes by 25%
- 7. he had a well publicized cancer operation
- 8. the oldest man to be elected president
- 9. he appointed a women to the Supreme Court

STUDENT UTILITY SHEET PRESIDENTS GAME PART TWO

INSTRUCTIONS: Use the items on this page to answer the CLUES.

LIST OF PRESIDENTS...For answering ROUNDS I, II, AND III CLUES

CHESTER ARTHUR GROVER CLEVELAND BENJAMIN HARRISON WILLIAM McKINLEY THEODORE ROOSEVELT WILLIAM H. TAFT WOODROW WILSON WARREN G. HARDING CALVIN COOLIDGE HERBERT HOOVER FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT HARRY S. TRUMAN DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER JOHN F. KENNEDY LYNDON B. JOHNSON RICHARD M. NIXON GERALD R. FORD JAMES E. CARTER RONALD REAGAN

ANSWERS FOR ROUND IV CLUES

GREAT AVERAGE FAILURE

ANSWERS FOR ROUND V CLUES

GREAT NEAR GREAT

ABOVE AVERAGE AVERAGE

BELOW AVERAGE FAILURE

Team:	FIFTEEN POINTS	FIFTEEN POINTS	FIFTEEN POINTS	FIFTEEN POINTS		
Point: Answe: (Round Presidenting	TEN POINTS	TEN POINTS	TEN POINTS	TEN POINTS	e of write	
Round Point Answe:	FIVE POINTS	FIVE POINTS	FIVE POINTS	FIVE POINTS		
Preside rating Round	DOUBLE CARD	DOUBLE CARD	DOUBLE CARD	DOUBLE CARD	write	
Answer	: 1,2,3 write : ent. Rounds 4	name of	Answer:_ (Round 1 Presiden	Points: Answer: (Round 1,2,3 write name of President. Rounds 4,5 write rating)		
Round: Points: Answer:(Round 1,2,3 write name of President. Rounds 4,5 write rating)			Round: Points:_ Answer:_ (Round 1	Team: Round: Points: Answer: (Round 1,2,3 write name of President Rounds 4.5 write rating)		